#### IMPLEMENTING POSITIVE PSYCHOLOGICAL INTERVENTIONS IN AN ITALIAN HEALTHCARE ORGANIZATION

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## **ITALIAN INTERVENTION SITE**

- Intervention site: Italian Healthcare organisation operating in Northern Italy
- Healthcare departments:
  - 1. Medicine Department
  - 2. Emergency Department
  - 3. Institute of Neurological Science
- Work roles:
  - 1. Nurses
  - 2. Physicians
  - 3. Healthcare assistants



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#### **INTERVENTIONS IMPLEMENTED IN AUSL**



Based on the needs analysis conducted in the previous months, together with the intervention site the main intervention priorities have been identified:

| INTERVENTIONS                              | IGLO | O.U.s INVOLVED          | Ν   |
|--|------|-------------------------|-----|
| POSITIVE STRESS MANAGEMENT                 | T    | 18 O.U.s                | 129 |
| POSITIVE SOCIAL INTERACTIONS               | G    | 10 O.U.s                | 81  |
| SOCIOMAPPING                               | G    | 7 O.U.s                 | 67  |
| POSITIVE LEADERSHIP and MICRO-<br>COACHING | L    | 15 O.U.s                | 18  |
| HELLOBETTER                                | I    | Available for all O.U.s | 17  |
|  |      |                         | 312 |



Due to the pandemic situation, the peculiarities of the Italian intervention site and its involvement in contrasting Covid-19 consequences, the implemented interventions had to be adapted to the context. If compared to the original version of the intervention provided by UJI, the following were the main distinguishing characteristics:

- Online training
- Number of sessions
- Team composition



#### **PSM - Positive Stress Management**



- 3 online group sessions (9h)
- Time: 3 weeks (Sep Nov 2021)
- Goal: understanding causes and consequences of stress and develop skills to proactively manage stressful situations
- Conducted by a team of 4 occupational psychologists and 1 clinical psychologist trained by UJI (4h)
- 8 editions (n=129)



- Participants first received inputs on what stress is (physiological and psychological perspectives on stress), and they were introduced to Mindfulness and fundamentals of Mindfulness.
- Participants were introduced to specific concepts such as Reappraisal and Positive Coping Strategies, Acceptance and Mindfulness.
- Proactive Stress Management inputs (mapping sources of stress, values and committed actions, visualizing potential obstacles and alternative pathways to deal with these obstacles) were provided.
- Participants were guided in defining **action plans** to put in practice their acquired skills.
- Participants were provided with 10-minutes audio recordings of **guided meditations** and were invited at practicing at home.



#### **PSI – Positive Social Interactions**



- 3 online group sessions (9h)
- Time: 3 weeks (May June 2021)
- Goal: understand the causes and consequences of conflicts at work and develop skills and tools to manage them successfully.
- Conducted by a team of 4 occupational psychologists and 1 clinical psychologist trained by UJI (4h)
- 7 editions (n=81)



- Participants have received inputs on the **recurrent sources of conflict** within organizations (i.e., goals, roles, relations) emphasising the role of social interactions.
- Participants were asked to identify their most frequent sources of conflict, and explore their **associated feelings, thoughts and behaviours**.
- Effective social interaction skills have been introduced as tools to address conflict situations (i.e., mindful self-awareness of thoughts and emotions, mindful listening, non-violent communication, and intentional acts of kindness).
- Using the gathered knowledge and thinking to the most recurrent conflict situations, participants were invited and guided to make **action plans**.
- Participants were provided with 10-minutes audio recordings of **guided meditations** and were invited at practicing at home.



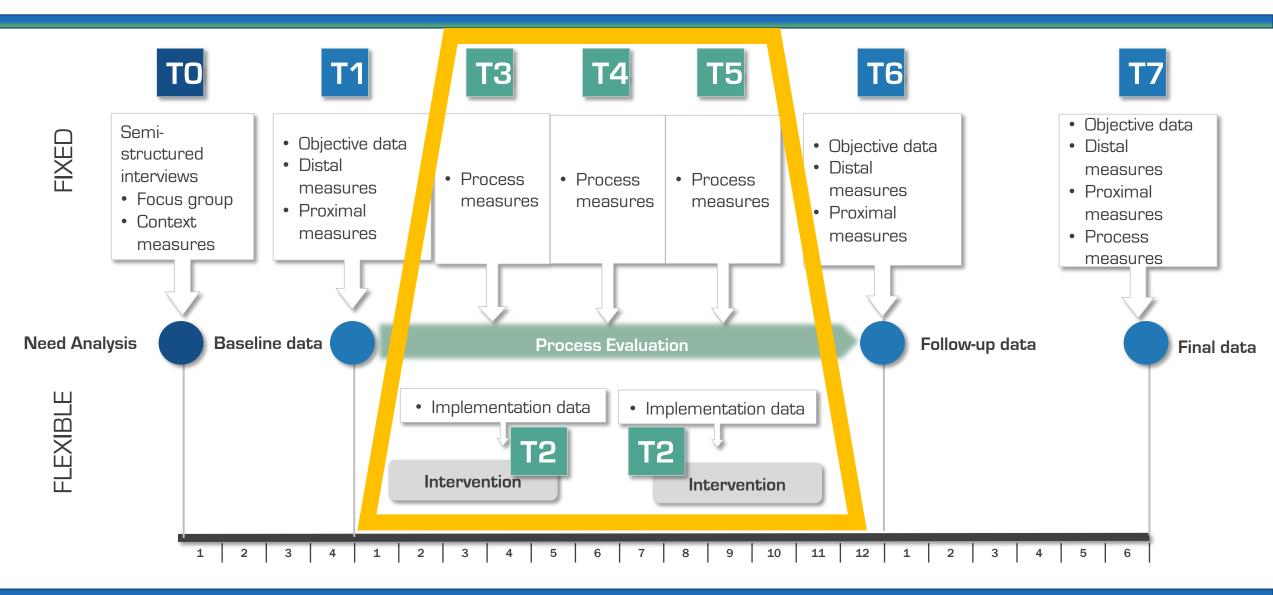
# **EVALUATION OF INTERVENTIONS**

Interventions results – T2-T5 questionnaires

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#### **Evaluation outline**





#### Interventions evaluation



T2 implementation data – Satisfaction towards the intervention

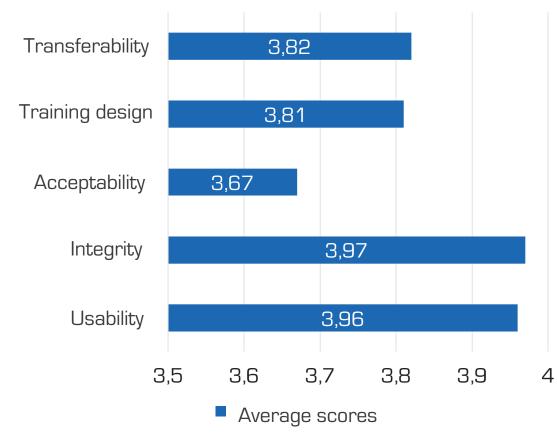
| Dimension                  | Description  | ltem example   |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Transferability            | The degree to which participants perceive that what they have learnt in the intervention can be transferred to their daily work. | <i>"I believe what we have learned on the training can help us<br/>at work"</i>                        |
| Voluntary<br>participation | The degree to which participants state that they participated voluntarily in the intervention.                                   | "Did you voluntarily participate in training?"   |
| Training design            | Participants' perception of the quality of the materials used during the intervention.   | "The activities and exercises the consultants used helped<br>us know how to apply learning on the job" |
| Acceptability              | The degree to which participants show a positive attitude towards the intervention.  | <i>"I would recommend the training to others in a similar situation"</i>                               |
| Integrity                  | Participants' perception of the role of the facilitators and the general atmosphere during the intervention sessions.            | "Did the consultant(s) make you feel like your participation<br>was valued?"                           |
| Usability                  | The degree to which participants perceive the digital platform on which the intervention was held as usable.                     | "The technology/platform used provided an acceptable<br>way to receive the intervention"               |



| Dimensione                       | Definizione  | ltem example   |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Opportunities to use<br>learning | The degree to which participants perceive that they have the opportunity to use the learning acquired during the intervention in their own work context.                       | «We have been given the tasks necessary to apply<br>the skills and knowledge we learned on the training» |
| Peer support                     | The degree to which participants perceive that their colleagues support their attempts to use the learning acquired during the intervention in their own work context.         | «We encourage each other to use the skills we have<br>learned in training»                               |
| Manager support                  | The degree to which participants perceive that their direct supervisor supports their attempts to use the learning acquired during the intervention in their own work context. | «My immediate manager helps to make our work<br>easier»  |
| Transfer                         | The degree to which participants state that they use the learning acquired during the intervention in their daily work.  | «In our everyday work, we often use the knowledge<br>we gained in the training»                          |
| Implementation                   | The degree to which participants report to implement the action plans developed during the intervention.   | «We have implemented the planned action plan(s)»   |

# **Results – Positive Stress Management** T2 questionnaire – Satisfaction towards the intervention

n = 59 (response rate: 76%) Response scale: «1 = Strongly disagree» a «5 = Strongly disagree»



#### 80,00% 73,30% 70,00% 60,00% 50,00% 40,00% 30.00% 20,00% 15,00% 11,70% 10,00% 0,00% Voluntary participation Yes More or less

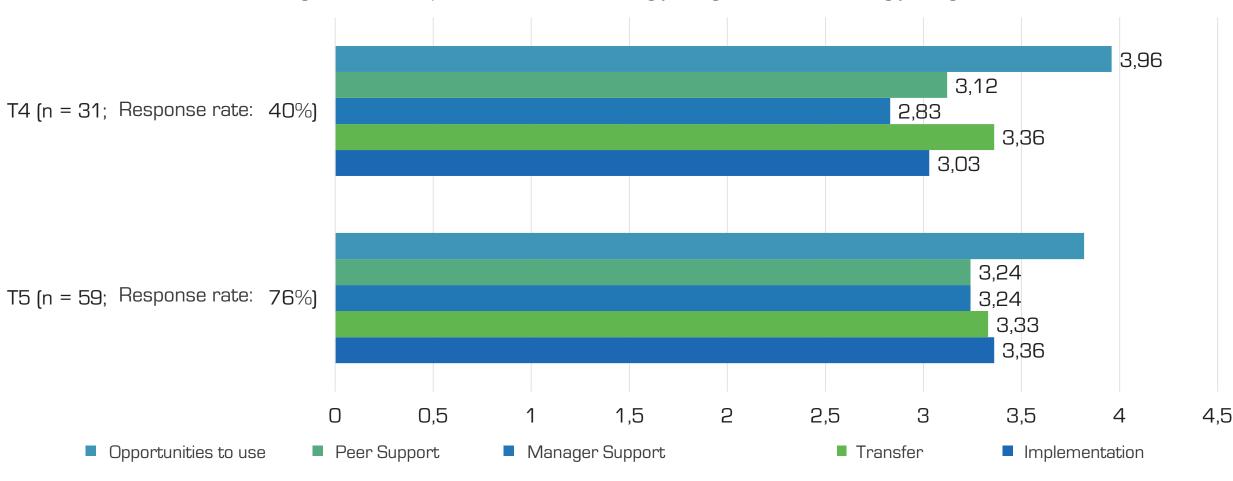
n = 60 (response rate: 77%)

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#### **Results – Positive Stress Management** T4-T5 Questionnaires – Intervention integration



Average scores. Response scale: «1 = Strongly disagree» a «5 = Strongly disagree»

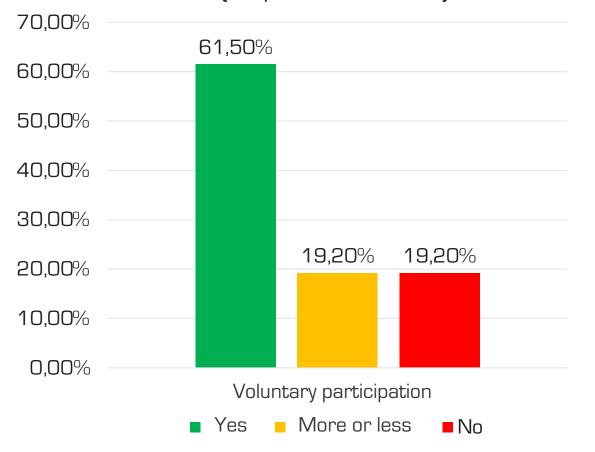


# Results – Positive Social Interactions

T2 questionnaire - Satisfaction towards the intervention

n = 26 (response rate: 41%) Response scale: «1 = Strongly disagree» a «5 = Strongly disagree»





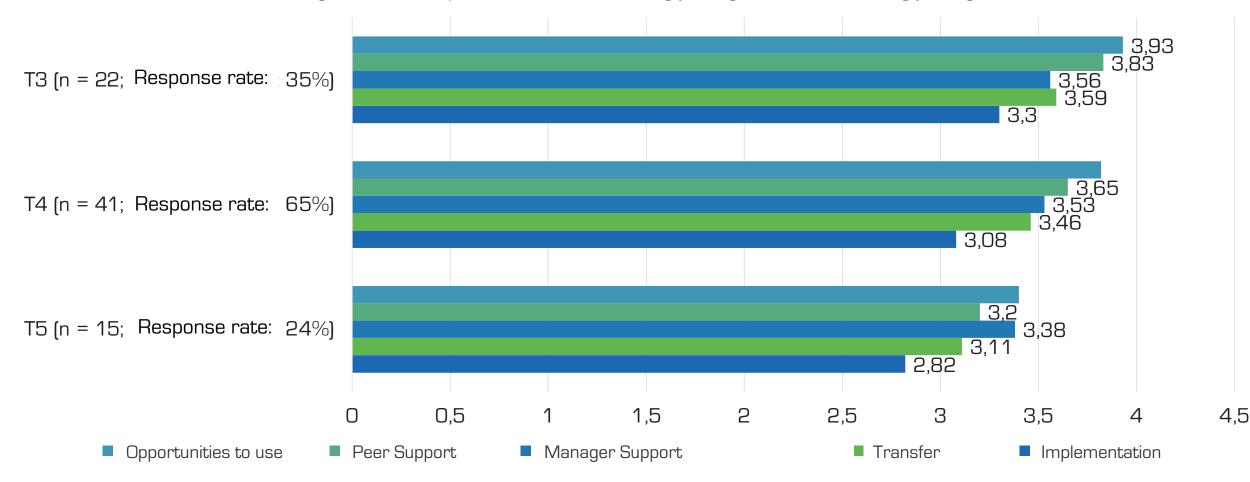
n = 26 (response rate: 41%)

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#### **Results – Positive Social Interactions** T3-T4-T5 Questionnaires – Intervention integration



Average scores. Response scale: «1 = Strongly disagree» a «5 = Strongly disagree»





- Interventions perceived as interesting and needed within the healthcare context, where really often high workload leads to perceived stress and interpersonal conflicts.
- Intervention perceived as useful but participants expressed the need for higher-level organisational and structural actions (e.g., workforce to reduce professionals' workload).
- Sometimes people perceived the online modality of intervention as less useful if compared to traditional face-to-face training, which would have potentially activate more resources and collaboration between colleagues.
- Would be preferable if both PSI and PSM would include whole teams from the same healthcare operative units.





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