# **Adapting Mental Health Needs Analysis and Action Planning to** Online & Hybrid Methods: Lessons **Learned During COVID-19**

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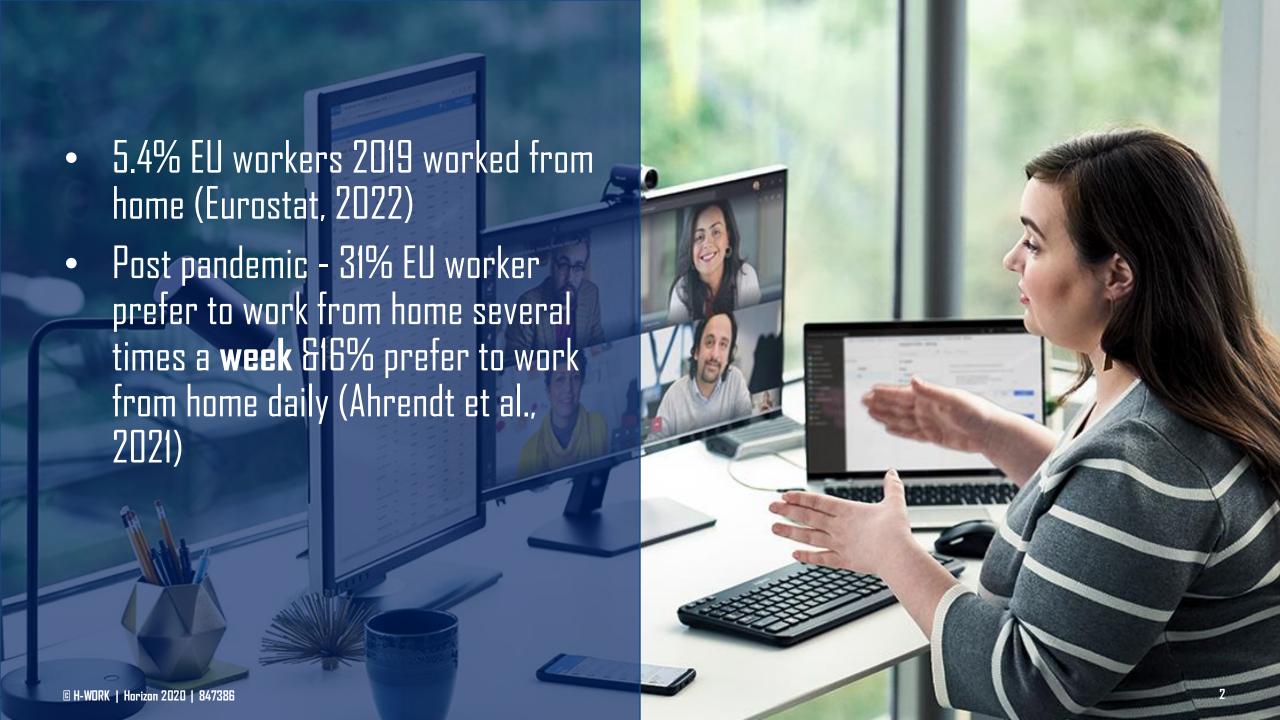
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### **Background - Mental Health Needs Analysis**

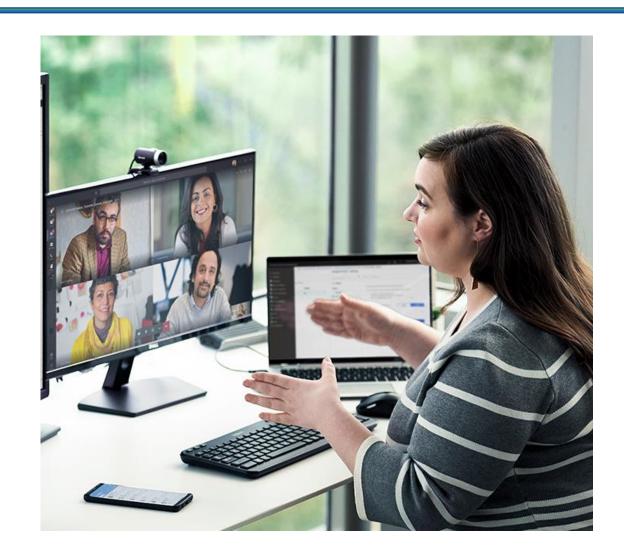








- Needs assessment tools should ensure <u>active</u>
   engagement and <u>participation</u> to align the
   intervention with the <u>organizational context</u>
   (von Thiele Schwartz et al., 2021).
- This level of understanding requires richer data gathering methods (such as interviews, focus groups and group-based workshops).



## Background







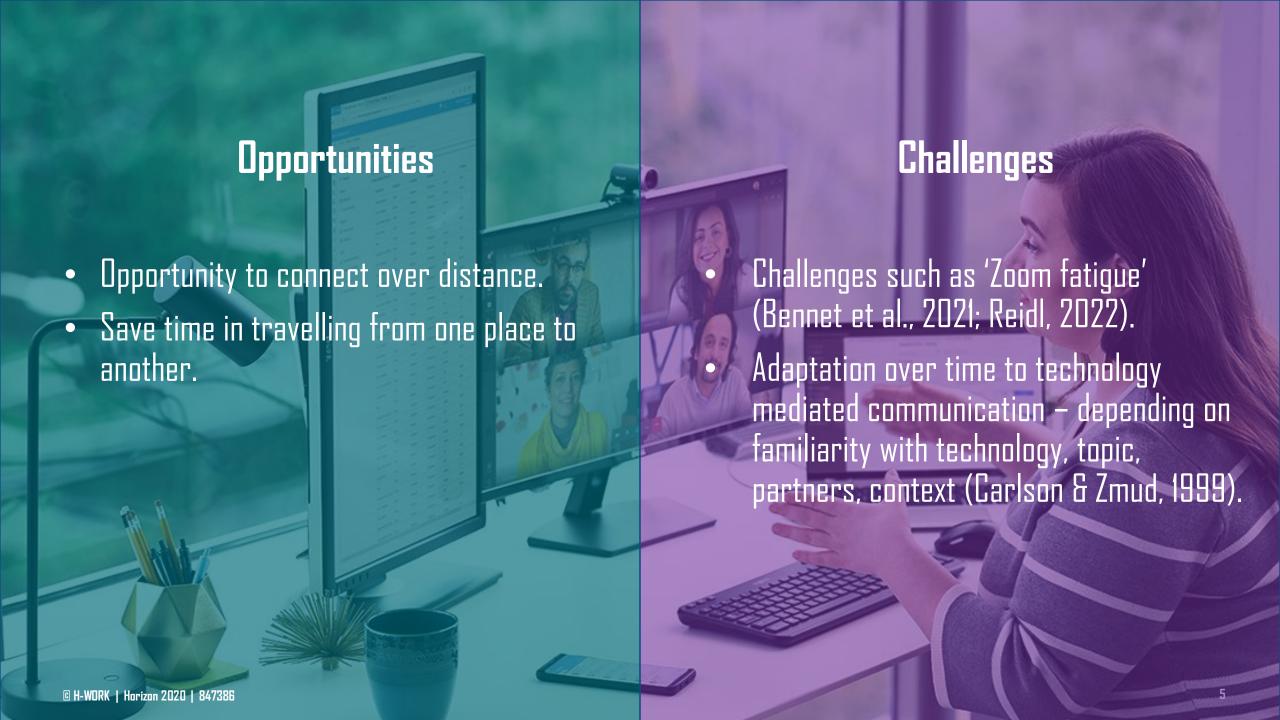




### **Technology Mediated Communication**

- Different capacities to transmit rich information (Daft & Lengel, 1986)
- Richer channels (e.g., face to face) more suitable for tasks that involve non-routine and ambiguous communication or conveying emotion.
- Video calls considered relatively rich, but not as rich as inperson.

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## Research questions









- What are the main opportunities and challenges associated with conducting mental health needs analysis and action planning via online and hybrid methods?
- How do the opportunities and challenges identified inform adaptations?



## Research Context & Methods









#### **Need analysis**

- Needs Analysis conducted in 5 public organisations and 4 SMEs across 5 EU countries.
- Needs analysis methods included: dyadic activities (interviews with managers) and group activities (employee focus groups, stakeholder meetings) – moved online due to Covid-19

#### **Participants**

- Data for this paper = Focus group Interviews conducted with interventionists
- Group 1 December 2020 and January 2021
- Group 2 October 2021

#### **Analysis**

 Analysis using Nvivo 12- Qualitative template analysis (King 2004).

# **Key findings**









## Opportunities

- Time/Effort efficiency gains
- Increased openness

## Challenges

- Relationship/Rapport building;
- Non-verbal & Emotional Cues;
- Knowledge/Information exchange;
- Cognitive Load;
- Technical Difficulties

Hybrid methods even more challenging (particularly for cognitive load)

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# **Key findings**











# Adaptations were mostly focused on minimising challenges.

- To reduce cognitive load and problems of information exchange during sessions,
- To reduce loss of non-verbal cues,

# Adaptations that enhanced opportunities were retained longer term.

- Organisation wide online kick-off meeting brought efficiency gains as well as enhancing information dissemination especially in large organisations
- Online dyadic interviews brought efficiency and openness gains

## **KEY TAKEAWAYS**





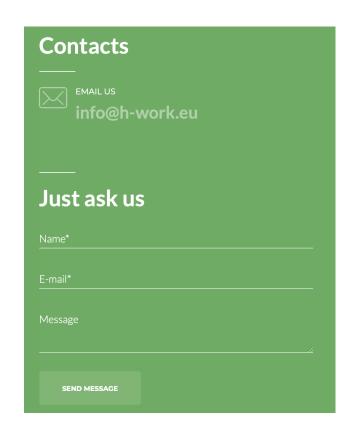




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- Online & hybrid methods brought many challenges particularly for group activities.
  - Adaptations could relieve these to a certain extent but F2F preferred.
- However, opportunities were also revealed which led to some long term adaptations retained even after Covid-19 restrictions lifted.
- Theoretical implications for technology adaptation literature.
  - Adaptation success related to focus on enhancing opportunities.
  - Context may also determine longevity of adaptations (e.g., large, complex orgs).
- Practical implications for future practice.







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This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 847386.



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